

Itinerario

Detalles del viaje: 12 días

Ida

● **Día 1** · Germany - Delhi

● Arrive at your German departure airport ready to check-in for overnight flight to Delhi.

● **Día 2** · Delhi

● Arrive at New Delhi's Indira Gandhi International airport. An Indian Routes representative will meet you outside the customs gate and escort you to hotel in an air-conditioned car

● **Día 3** · Delhi - Mandawa

● Breakfast at the hotel . Later drive to Mandawa (250 Kms / Approx 6 hours drive) Arrive Mandawa and check in at the hotel. Afternoon sightseeing tour Mandawa Mandawa- The fort of Mandawa was founded in the 18th century. Thakur Nawal Singh, son of Shardul Singh, founded the fort in vikram samvat 1812 (1755 AD). The fort dominates the town with a painted arched gateway adorned with Lord Krishna and his cows. Built as per a medieval theme, the castle of Mandawa is adorned with beautiful frescoes. The rooms of this palace are decorated with Lord Krishna paintings, exquisite carvings and amazing mirrorwork. The Durbar Hall of the palace houses a number of antiques and paintings.

● **Día 4** · Mandawa - Bikaner

● After breakfast drive to Bikaner. (190 Kms / Approx 4 ½ hours drive) Arrive Bikaner and check in at the hotel Afternoon proceed for the sightseeing tour of Bikaner. Bikaner- On the northern tip of the desert triangle stands the royal city of Bikaner. The genesis of the city dates back to 1486 Ad , when Rao Jodha's eldest son Rao Bika set out of his father's kingdom to conquer a separate kingdom for himself. A major centre of trade in the 16th century situated on the ancient silk route, Bikaner has retained it's medieval aura. Unlike most other cities of Rajasthan, outside influences are minimal here and the traditional life style endures. Sight-seeing in Bikaner includes a visit to Junagarh Fort, Lalgarh Palace etc.

● **Día 5** · Bikaner - Jaisalmer

● After breakfast drive to the Jaisalmer (333 Kms / Approx 5 hours Drive) Arrive Jaisalmer and check in at the hotel

● **Día 6** · Jaisalmer

● After breakfast proceed for the sightseeing tour of city Jaisalmer - The name Jaisalmer evokes a vivid picture of the sheer magic and brilliance of the desert. According to legend Rawal Jaisal laid the foundation of this ancient city in AD 1156. Ages have gone by and the monuments of Jaisalmer have withstood the buffeting winds of time, which far from spoiling the monuments have instead honed their beauty to perfection.. The city with it's extreme climate and heart - renderingly beautiful monuments leaves a lasting impression on every mind.Sight-seeing in Jaisalmer includes a visit to the Jaisalmer Fort, Tazia Tower, the Havelis, Jain Temples, Gadsisar Lake etc.

● **Día 7** · Jaisalmer - Jodhpur

● After breakfast drive to Jodhpur (285 Kms / Approx 4 ½ hours drive) Arrive Jodhpur and transfer to the hotel JODHPUR: One of the most beautiful places of tourist's interest in India is Jodhpur. Situated in the arid land of Rajasthan, this place was founded by Rajput Chief Rao Jodha in 1459. Rao Jodha is the descendent of King Ramachandra of Ramayana. Earlier, it was the capital of the Marwar state of Rajasthan. Jodhpur is surrounded by a tall stonewall of about 10 kms. Long. This wall has got eight doors facing various directions leading to different places of Jodhpur. Jodhpur is a beautiful small city with the golden sands covering the thorny shrub growing arid land. Jodhpur has about 100 towers most of which are surrounded by defensive battlements. Normally, guard's chambers could be seen along with these walls, which are considerably high armed with iron spikes on top of it. The forts and palaces in the city are the major source of attraction in the city. Exploring the forts gives you a feel of the times when the Rajput might was at its peak. The gates and the walls of the forts speak of the battles they have witnessed. Later visit the impressive Mehrangarh Fort on a 37 m low sandstone hill built by Rao Jodha in 1459. From the top of the fort one can get a bird's eye view of the old city. You will notice the predominance of blue houses referred to as Brahmin houses - the colour being associated with the high caste. Proceed to the Jaswant Thada, an imposing marble cenotaph built in 1899 for Maharajah Jaswant Singh II, and smaller memorials to other Maharajahs of Jodhpur. At the end of the tour enjoy a short walk through the local and vibrant bazaar of Jodhpur.

● **Día 8** · Jodhpur - Jaipur

● Morning drive to Jaipur (aprox 340 kms / 6 hrs drive) JAIPUR: Jaipur, the vibrant capital of Rajasthan, is popularly known as the ' Pink City ' because of the pink coloured buildings in its old city. It sits on a dry lake bed in a somewhat arid landscape, surrounded by barren hills surmounted by forts and crenellated walls. This buzzing metropolis is certainly a place of wild contrasts and a feast for the eyes. The city of Jaipur is the prime example of the culture and traditions of this region. In this land, towering forts were built as much for ostentation as for intimidating the enemy and desperate battles were fought by rulers who were great patrons of the arts. The royal city of Jaipur owes its name to the founder of the city. It was Great Warrior King Sawai Jai Singh II (1693-1743) who laid the foundation of the city in 1627. He was one of the few kings of his time having a keen eye for details and a very good scientific temper. Being capital to the northern Indian state of Rajasthan, the city is mirror to every thing that Rajasthan signifies, be its culture, tradition, society, and most importantly people.

Meeting and assistance on arrival and transfer to the Hotel

● Día 9 · Jaipur

Breakfast at the hotel. Morning: visit of Amber Fort . Amber is a classic, romantic Rajasthani Fort Palace. The rugged, time-ravaged walls of the Fort may not look beautiful from the outside, but the interior is a virtual paradise. Miniatures painted on the walls depict hunting and war scenes, apart from festivals. Precious stones and mirrors are embedded into the plaster. Inside the Fort visit the Jag Mandir or the Hall of Victory. Inside the Jag Mandir is the famed Sheesh Mahal - a room with all the four walls and ceiling completely embedded with glittering mirror pieces, which were specially imported from Belgium during that period. En-route to Amber Fort, you will have a brief photography stop at Hawa Mahal - the Palace of Winds . Afternoon: - city tour of Jaipur which begins with a visit to the Maharaja's City Palace , the former Royal residence, part of it converted into a museum. A small portion is still used by the Royal family of Jaipur. Built in the style of a fortified campus, the palace covers almost one-seventh in area of the city. One of the major attractions in the museum is the portion known as Armoury Museum housing an impressive array of weaponry-pistols, blunderbusses, flintlocks, swords, rifles and daggers. The royal families of Jaipur once used most of these weapons. Later visit the Jantar Mantar , which is the largest stone and marble crafted observatory in the world. Situated near the gate of the city palace, the observatory has 17 large instruments, many of them still in working condition.

● Día 10 · Jaipur - Fatehpurisikri - Agra

Morning: proceed to Agra by surface en-route visiting "FATEHPUR SIKRI " Situated around 40 km from Agra built by Emperior Akbar in 1569 and abandoned after 15 years due to scarcity of water. This was the capital of the Mughal emperor Akbar between 1570 to 1586. Fatehpur Sikri's sprawling structure is made of red sandstone and combines both Hindu and Muslim architecture. The main entrance to this walled city is through the 175 feet Buland Darwaza. The finest monuments within this area are the Diwan-I-Am, Diwan-i-Khas, Panch Mahal, Jama Masjid and Panch Mahal. After visit continue drive to Agra. Later visit of Agra Fort . Agra Fort - Built by the famed Mughal emperor Akbar in 1565 AD, the fort is predominantly of red sand stone. The vast halls echo the voices of a bygone era and transport the visitor back through the passage of time. Enscoced within is the picture perfect Pearl Mosque, which is a major tourist attraction. After visit check-in at the Hotel.

● Día 11 · Agra - New Delhi

Morning sunrise visit of Taj Mahal. Taj Mahal - Little needs to be said about this architectural wonder which is always the soul raison-de-etre for every tourist's visit to Agra. Built by Shah Jahan, the Taj is a white marble memorial to his beautiful wife Mumtaz Mahal. This monument took 22 years to be completed and was designed and planned by Persian architect Ustad Isa. Apart from it's stunning design balance and perfect symmetry, the Taj is also noted particularly for it's elegant domes, intricately carved screens and some of the best inlay work ever seen. (TAJ MAHAL CLOSED ON FRIDAYS). After visit return to the hotel for breakfast. After breakfast continue drive to Delhi. Afternoon sightseeing tour of New Delhi Visit the 12th century Qutab Minar, gracefully hand-carved for its entire height of 234ft, and the iron pillar, which has withstood the ravages of time and not rusted even after 1500 years. Visit the imposing modern Lakshminarayan temple. Drive past the India Gate (war memorial dedicated to the lives of laid down by the Indian soldiers), the president's residence - formerly the Viceroy's Palace, parliament House and the Secretariat buildings, - an interesting blend of the Victorian and 20th century architecture.

● Día 12 · New Delhi - Germany

Breakfast at the hotel. Transfer to the airport ready to check-in for return flight back to Germany. Arrive back at Germany departure airport and end your trip.

